

## **Keggin 型多酸负载的单原子催化剂( $M_1/POM$ , $M = Ni, Pd, Pt, Cu, Ag, Au$ , $POM = [PW_{12}O_{40}]^{3-}$ )活化氮气分子的密度泛函理论计算研究**

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## **DFT Study of POM-Supported Single Atom Catalyst ( $M_1/POM$ , $M = Ni, Pd, Pt, Cu, Ag, Au$ , $POM = [PW_{12}O_{40}]^{3-}$ ) for Activation of Nitrogen Molecules**

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表 S1 密度泛函理论计算出的所有  $Pt_i/POM$  各种自旋态的总能量

Table S1 DFT-derived total energy including electronic and zero-point energies of all POM complexes with different spin states.

Polyoxometalates	Spin multiplicity	Total energy/(a.u.)	Total energy/(kJ·mol <sup>-1</sup> )
Ni-POM	1	-4336.179957	-12201064.42
	3	-4336.183498	-12201074.38
Pd-POM	1	-4285.928488	-12059667.75
	3	-4293.579266	-12081195.37
Pt-POM	1	-4285.928488	-12059667.75
	3	-4285.924644	-12059656.93
Cu-POM	2	-4472.568778	-12584832.81
Ag-POM	2	-4422.179353	-12443047.96
Au-POM	2	-4411.808795	-12413867.47

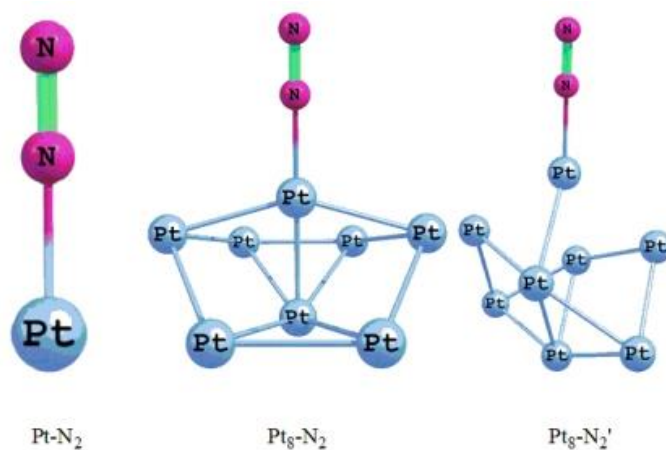


图 S1 独立金属 Pt 原子及 8 个 Pt 原子团簇吸附 N<sub>2</sub> 后的模型

Fig.S1 The model of adsorption of N<sub>2</sub> by independent Pt atom and 8 Pt atom clusters.

表S2 独立金属Pt原子及8个Pt原子团簇吸附N<sub>2</sub>后的几何参数与Pt-POM的对比

Table S2 Comparison of geometric parameters and Pt-POM after adsorption of N<sub>2</sub> by independent Pt and 8 Pt groups.

Parameter	Pt-POM	Pt-N <sub>2</sub>	Pt <sub>8</sub> -N <sub>2</sub>	Pt <sub>8</sub> -N <sub>2</sub> '
N-N	1.1394	1.1308	1.1247	1.1295
WBI(N-N)	2.5282	2.6193	2.7153	2.6561
$E_{ad}$	-241.04	-212.13	-125.52	-171.54