

## 定常冲击波作用下六硝基六氮杂异伍兹烷(CL-20)/奥克托今(HMX)含能共晶初始分解机理研究

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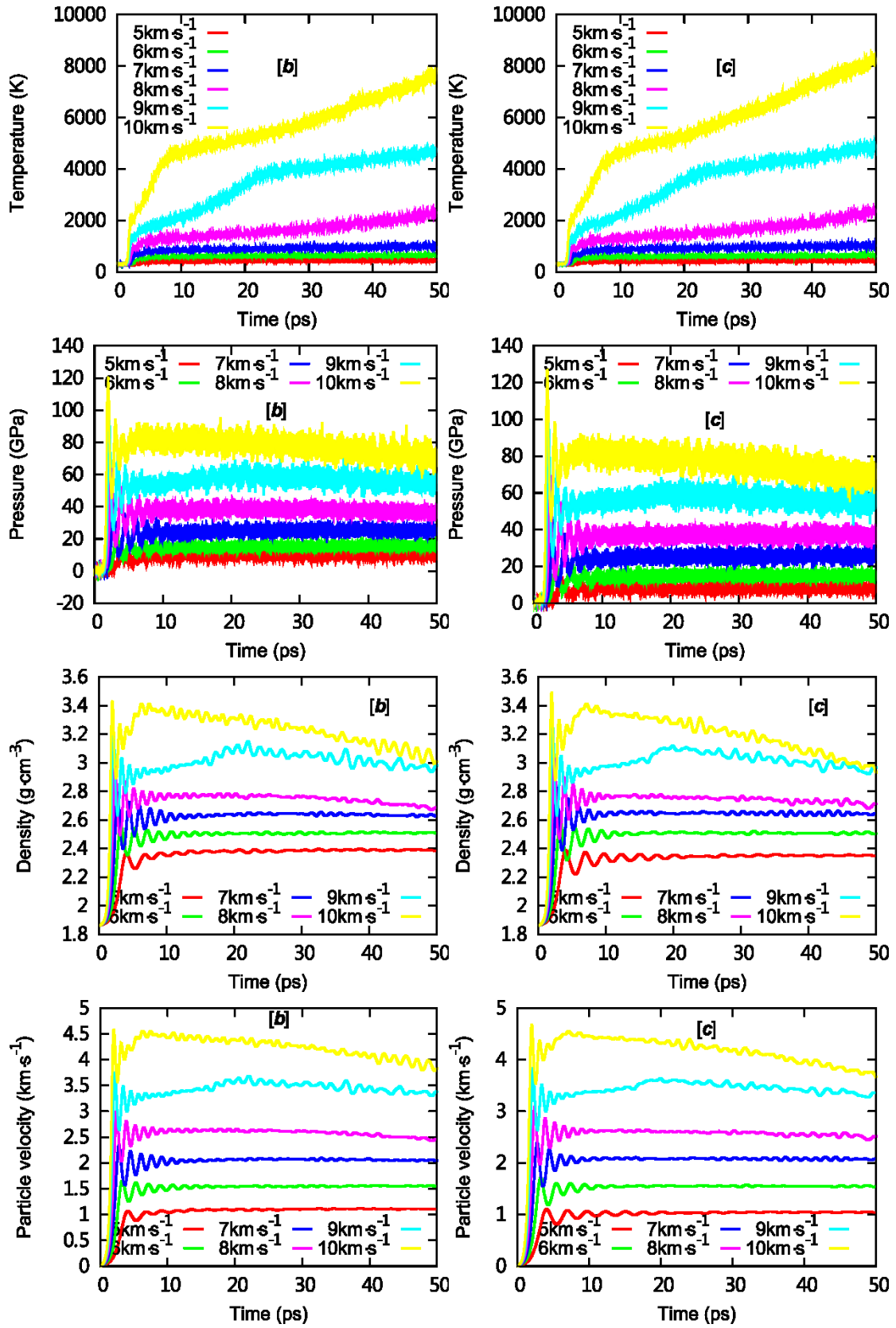
## Study on the Initial Decomposition Mechanism of Energetic Co-Crystal 2,4,6,8,10,12-Hexanitro-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexaazaiso-wurtzitane (CL-20)/1,3,5,7-Tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazacyclooctane (HMX) under a Steady Shock Wave

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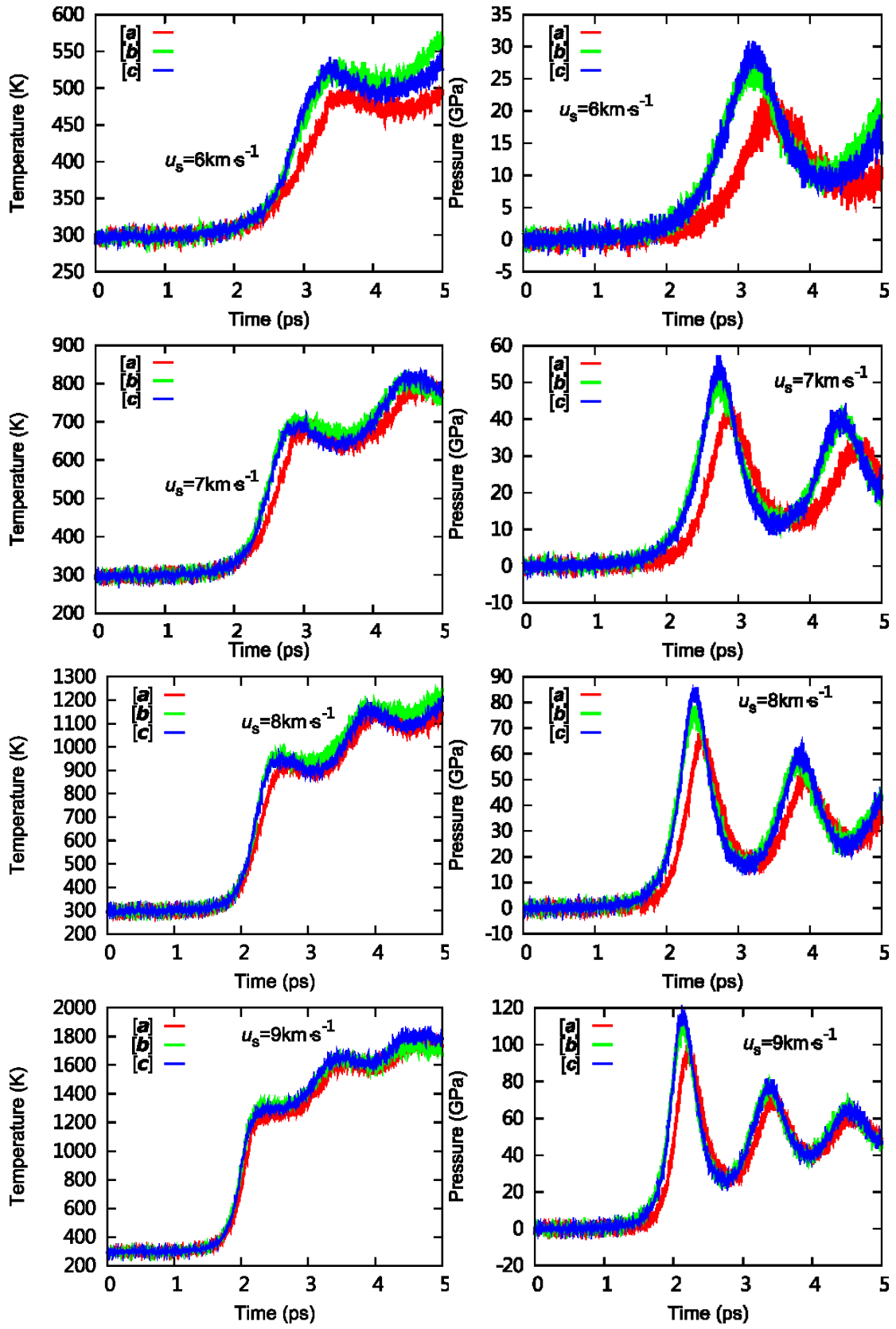
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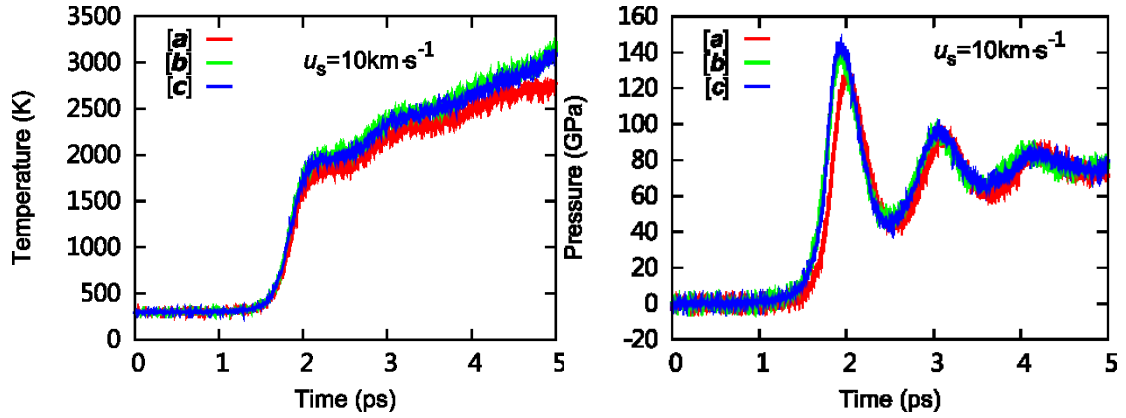
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(a)

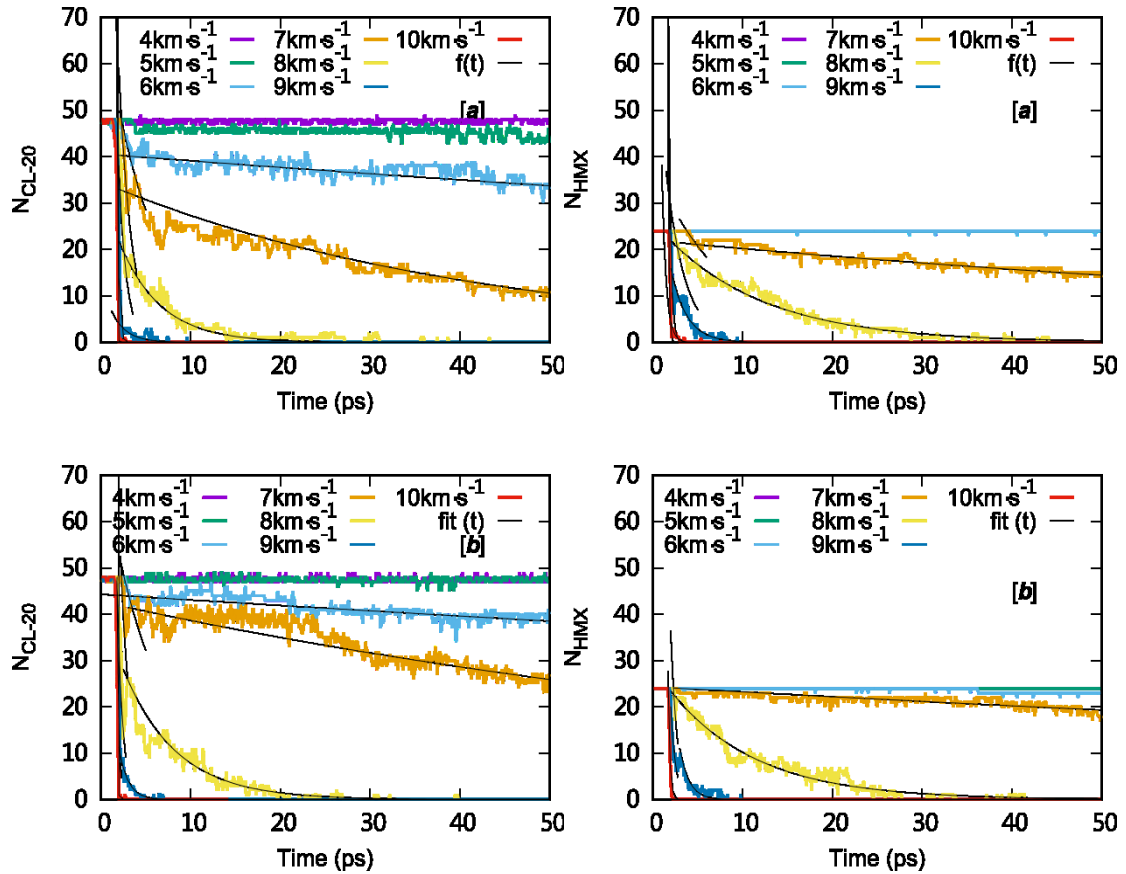




(b)

图 S1 *b*, *c* 晶格矢量方向的热力学演化路径及 6–10 km·s<sup>-1</sup> (a) 与冲击波速度条件下前 5 ps 的系统温度和压力演化曲线(b)

Fig. S1 Thermodynamic evolution paths along *b*, *c* lattice vector direction (a) and system temperature and pressure evolution curve at early 5 ps under the condition of 6–10 km·s<sup>-1</sup> shock wave velocity (b).



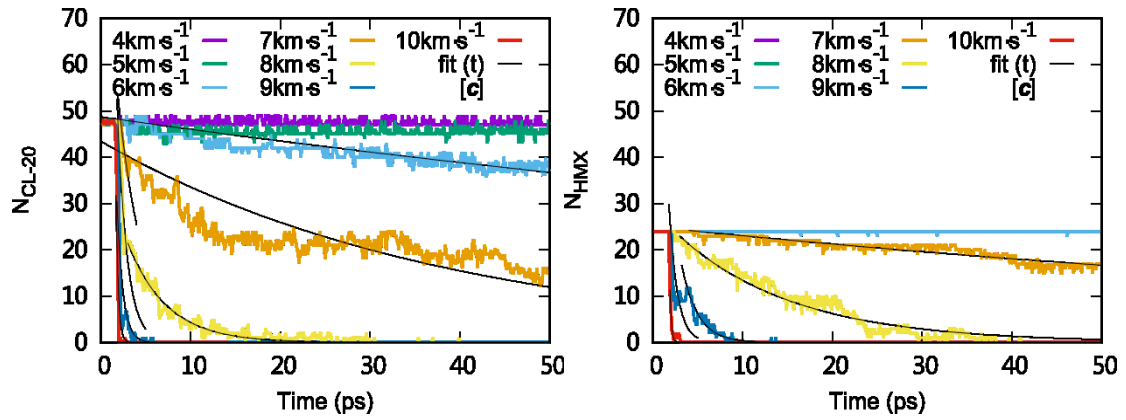
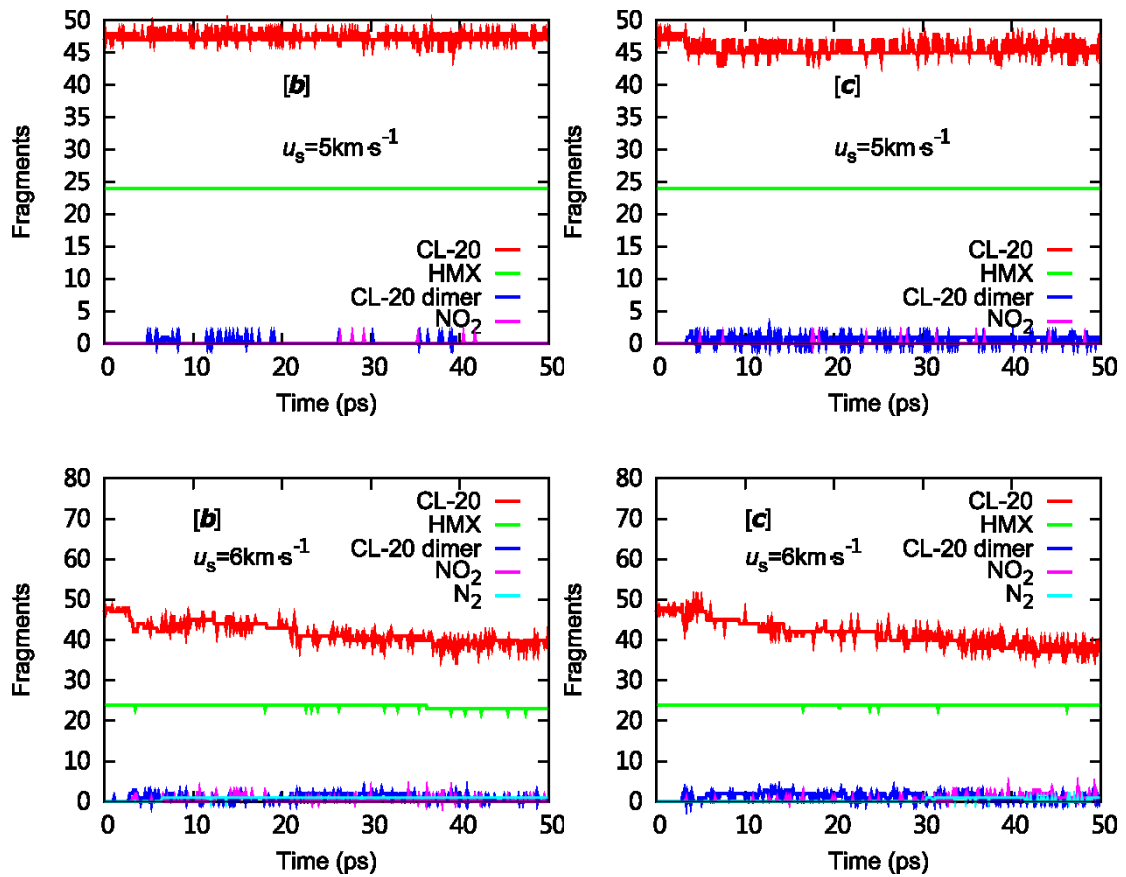


图 S2 共晶中 CL-20 及 HMX 分子数量衰减及拟合曲线

Fig. S2 The decaying curves of the amount of CL-20 and HMX molecules and the corresponding fitted curves.



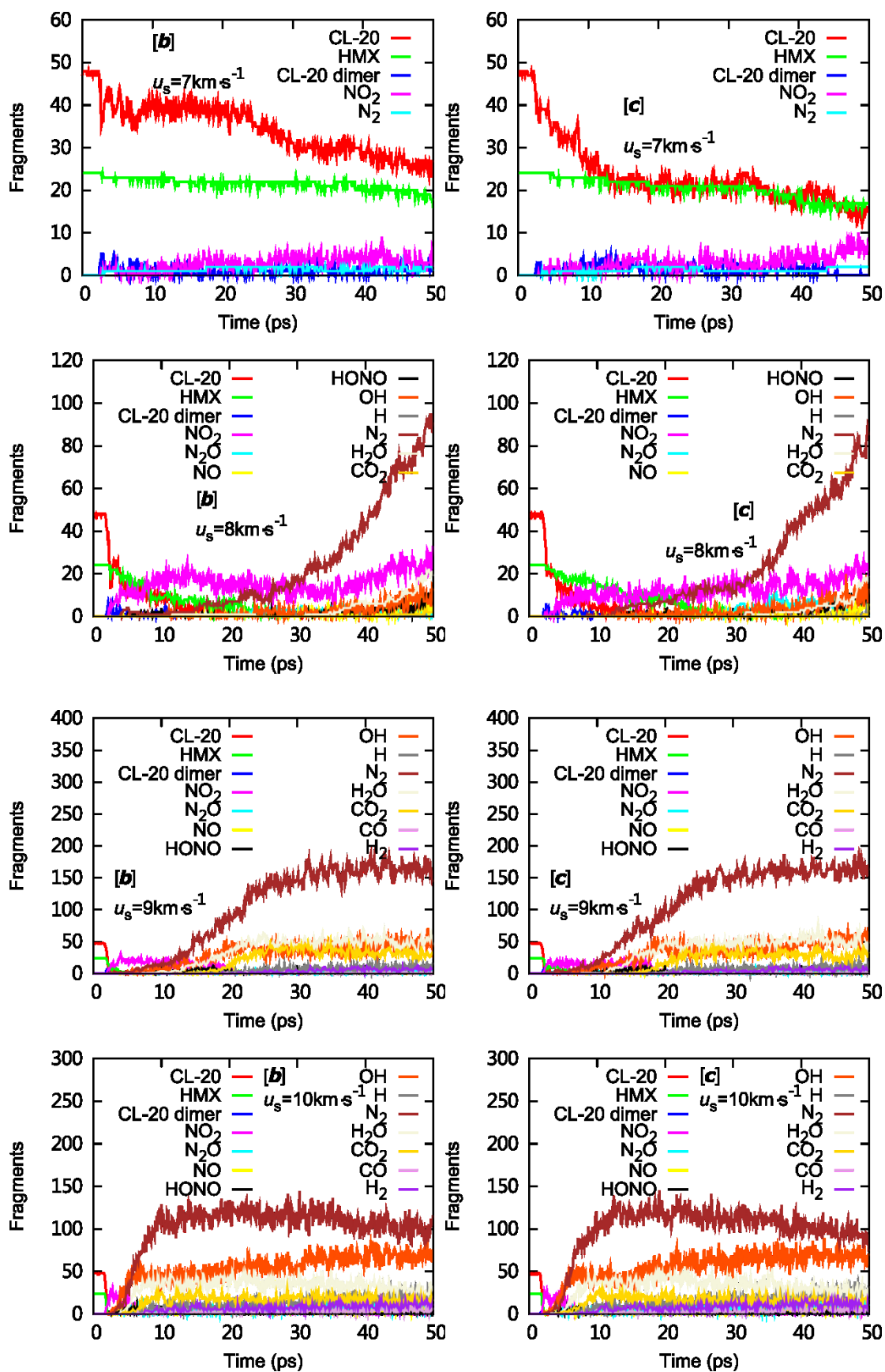


图 S3 沿晶格矢量  $b$ ,  $c$  冲击作用下反应物衰减及产物形成演化曲线

Fig. S3 The evolution curves of reactants decay and products formation under shock wave along lattice vector  $b$ ,  $c$ .

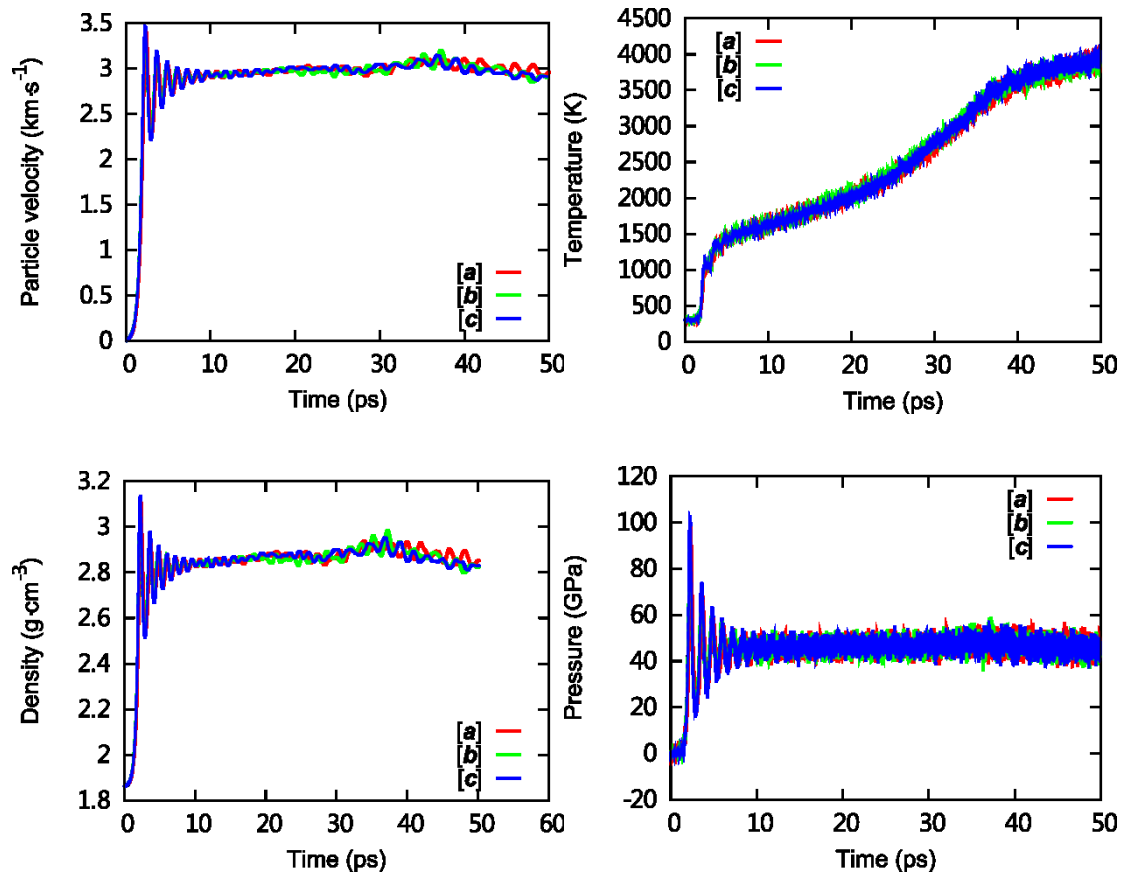


图 S4 8.5 km·s<sup>-1</sup> 定常冲击波速度入射至 CL-20/HMX 含能共晶后的系统热力学演化路径

Fig. S4 Thermodynamic evolution paths of 8.5 km·s<sup>-1</sup> steady shock wave velocity incident on CL-20/HMX energetic co-crystal.